

Course Specification

| A. Course Information | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| Final award title(s) | BSc (Hons) Computer Science | | | | | | | |
| | BSc (Hons) Computer Science (Sandwich) BSc (Hons) Computer Science Top-Up | | | | | | | |
| Intermediate exit award | | | | | | | | |
| title(s) | | | | | | | | |
| UCAS Code | | | Course | (FT) | 4637 | | | |
| | | | Code(s) | (PT) | 4638 | | | |
| | | | | (PT 6 yr (Top Up | - | | | |
| | London South Ba | ank University | , | | | | | |
| School | | BEA | BUS 🛛 E | NG 🗆 | HSC 🗆 LSS | | | |
| Division | Computer Science | ce and Information | atics | | | | | |
| Course Director | Mike Child | | | | | | | |
| Delivery site(s) for course(s) | Southwark | 🗆 Hav | rering | | | | | |
| | Other: please | 1 2 | | | | | | |
| Mode(s) of delivery | ⊠Full time | ⊠Part time (| | ⊠Part ⁻ | Time (6 years) | | | |
| Length of course/start and | 🛛 Тор-ир | ⊠ Full-time s | sandwich | | | | | |
| finish dates | | | | | | | | |
| | Mode | Length years | | | Finish - month | | | |
| | Full time | 3 | Septen | nber | August | | | |
| | Full time with | 4 | Septen | nber | August | | | |
| | placement/ | | | | | | | |
| | sandwich year | | | | | | | |
| | Part time (4 year) | 4 | Septen | nber | August | | | |
| | Part time (6 year) | 6 | Septen | nber | August | | | |
| | Тор-ир | 1 | Septen | nber | August | | | |
| | Top-up Part time | 2 | Septen | nber | August | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Is this course generally | Please complete the | International Off | ice questionnai | re | | | | |
| suitable for students on a | Yes | No | | | | | | |
| Tier 4 visa? | Students are advised the | nat the structure/na | ture of the course | e is suitable | for those on a Tier 4 | | | |
| | visa but other factors w | ill be taken into ac | count before a CA | S number | is allocated. | | | |
| Approval dates: | Course(s) validat | | May 2018 | | | | | |
| | Subject to valida | | Contomber | 2020 | | | | |
| | Course specifica updated and sigr | | September | 2020 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Professional, Statutory & | BCS sought | | | | | | | |

| Regulatory Body | Partial IET | Partial IET CEng sought | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| accreditation | | | | | | | |
| Reference points: | Internal | Corporate Strategy 2015-2020 Academic Quality and Enhancement Manual School Strategy LSBU Academic Regulations | | | | | |
| | External | QAA Quality Code for Higher Education 2013Framework for Higher Education QualificationsSubject Benchmark Statements (Dated)Competitions and Markets AuthoritySEEC Level Descriptors 2016BCS Guidelines for Accreditation [2018]ACM curricula for Computer Science [2013]IET Guidance for meeting AHEP learning outcomes[2014] | | | | | |
| | | e Aims and Features | | | | | |
| Distinctive features of course | both the theory of c implementation of s science topics from | computer Science degree offers the opportunity to study computation and practical approaches to the design and systems. This course explores a wide range of computer in the algorithmic essentials and hardware foundations to a systems, networks, virtual machines and emerging | | | | | |
| | sophisticated high- of the fundamental provide a more cor the end-products a computing systems | emphasis is on developing a comprehensive understanding of sticated high-level computer systems and technology directly in terms a fundamental principles of computer science. This is intended to de a more complete understanding than could be achieved by studying ind-products alone. It will provide graduates with the ability to see all buting systems as complex expressions of fundamental principles and by comprehend their likely potentials and limitations. | | | | | |
| | computation, mach structures, program operating systems | rs a balanced programme including the theory of hine architecture, machine language, algorithms, data nming and software development, software engineering, a, databases, user-centred design and security. It also eciality areas such as artificial intelligence, mobile and | | | | | |
| Course Aims | produce grato design, discussion desig | Hons) Computer Science degree aims to: oduce graduates who are equipped with the knowledge and skills design, develop, use and manage computer systems of diverse ads ovide a comprehensive understanding of the analysis, design, plementation and evaluation of computer systems ovide a combination of theory, practical skills and knowledge itable for a range professional roles in the computing industry oduce graduates with the professional and ethical standards quired for employment in the industry | | | | | |
| Course Learning | A. Students will ac | equire knowledge and understanding of: | | | | | |
| Outcomes 1. the foundations and contemporary development of theoretical cor science, computer hardware, computer networks, operating system application software | | | | | | | |

| | 2. requirements analysis and the formal specification of computer systems |
|----|--|
| | 3. software development using a variety of software engineering techniques, |
| | design notations, development environments and programming |
| | languages, data encoding, storage, management and analysis |
| | 4. the fundamental issues related to robustness and security in systems, |
| | software and networks including consideration of social, ethical and legal |
| | issues which affect the development and use of information systems |
| в. | Students will develop their intellectual skills such that they are able to: |
| | 1. locate, analyse, evaluate and make effective use of reference material |
| | including literature from academic, technical and professional sources to |
| | comprehend and critically evaluate theoretical arguments in computer |
| | science |
| | 2. analyse and predict future developments in computing based upon |
| | fundamental principles and evolving trends |
| | 3. evaluate, modify and synthesise approaches to software development and |
| | systems design |
| | 4. collaborate effectively and professionally with technical and non-technical |
| | colleagues working to analyse practical problems and propose appropriate |
| | and feasible technical solutions |
| | |
| C. | Students will acquire and develop practical skills such that they are able to: |
| | 1. design, develop, test and document software representative of |
| | contemporary programming practices and using professional development |
| | tools and techniques |
| | 2. analyse and specify requirements for the implementation of a range of |
| | computing and information systems including effectively use formal |
| | notations and graphical and numerical representations for data, processes |
| | and other relevant concepts |
| | 3. analyse systems for potential security weaknesses and propose mitigating |
| | measures that could be taken |
| | 4. comprehend the fundamental principles underpinning computer systems |
| | and use them to estimate limitations they impose and potential future |
| | advancements that might allow you to acquire new technical |
| | competencies and skills by applying theoretical principles to future |
| | developments in technology |
| D. | Students will acquire and develop transferable skills such that they are able |
| | to: |
| | 1. communicate effectively verbally and in writing |
| | work effectively in teams |
| | |
| | 3. manage time and personal resources effectively |
| | 4. sustain self-directed learning to maintain continuing professional |
| | development |
| | |

C. Teaching and Learning Strategy

Overview of teaching and learning activities

There will be a combination of lectures, tutorials and computer laboratory activities to inform, contextualise, discuss, analyse, explore and critically evaluate the material in order to enable students to assimilate the material and develop students' intellectual abilities around it.

The delivery will aim to ensure a balance of cognitive tasks involving the demonstration and application of factual knowledge, problem-solving, analysis and critique with practical exercises in computer laboratories to reinforce learning through direct experience. Practical applications and utilising real-world examples will be used wherever possible.

At level 4 independent (non-contact) study hours will be predominantly concerned with assimilation, at level 5 knowledge acquisition will take place as part of analytical study and at level 6 students will be engaging in independent research and critical evaluation. At level 6 students will undertake an independently managed project which will involve making use of practical (and other) skills acquired during the course. Students taking the sandwich course will acquire practical skills and experience in their internship.

Modules exist to support the development of study and communication skills, to develop selfmanagement skills and develop effective team-working (in certain modules cross discipline). In addition, classroom activities in many other modules will be used to foster these abilities.

Importance of independent learning

Students are required to undertake directed self-study and prepare solutions/discussions to questions relative to various topic areas. Students will be encouraged to identify for themselves particular problems of difficulty and to use seminar discussions, where appropriate, for the resolution of these. Students must regularly access the Moodle site for this module. They should download the class/lecture material from the Moodle site, and do the recommended reading, before each lecture/class. Where appropriate, students are also expected to download the relevant seminar questions and study them in advance of each seminar, in order to derive maximum benefit from seminar time. The programme of teaching, learning and assessment gives guidance on the textbook reading required for each week, the purpose of which is to encourage further reading both on and around the topic.

Each 20-credit module has a total of 200 study hours, out of which:

- at level 5, there are 65 direct contact hours and 135 independent study hours
- at level 6, there are 52 direct contact hours and 148 independent study hours
- Project module has 40 direct contact hours and 360 independent study hours

Subject-related and generic resources available

Students will have access to approximately 200 PCs and 15 Macs in 10 teaching computer labs, which typically have the following ICT software facilities: Microsoft SQL Server, NetBeans with JDK, Oracle, Python, SAS, Visual Paradigm, Microsoft Imagine, etc. We also have a cyber security lab, which is used for specialised modules and several printers, including large format printers.

Generic resources include:

- Perry library provides access to traditional books, journal sources, PCs to use and laptops to borrow. The Perry Library is open throughout the week, and during the term are staffed from 08.30 until 21.00 from Monday – Thursday, and 10.30 to 16.20 at weekends. There is seating capacity for 600 students in the library and the book-stock is in excess of 600,000 volumes. The building provides wireless access.
- The Students' Support Centre provides a first stop service for students on academic, personal and financial matters. It is aimed at improving student experience and offers LSBU's best employability, development and student services. The centre also offers

home to our Students' Union.

- Fitness there is also a sports hall, fitness suite and gymnasium
- Catering there is a large refectory, with a selection of smaller cafes and eating outlets on campus.

Learning support

We support students throughout their course in many different ways, such as:

- personal tutoring
- support sessions on core maths & programming skills taking place weekly
- peer student led support sessions
- practical skills workshops
- · labs equipped with the latest hardware and software
- lectures, seminars, personal tuition
- online learning materials
- varied assessment methods
- advice on work experience and career options
- opportunities for work placements and projects with employers
- tailored field trips
- training in research methods and assistance with independent research projects.

Teaching staff

Majority of academics have standing with a professional body (e.g. BCS, ACM, IEEE), and either a research background or an industry experience in their teaching area. Some modules may be supported with postgraduate students, who will either support tutorials at a lower level or provide support on modules related to their research area. Module leader with the division management will establish the suitability of the teaching team and support and training will be provided where necessary to ensure quality of teaching is delivered.

Virtual Learning for students

Moodle, the university's Virtual Learning Environment (VLE) provides online resources and support for all students. It enables students with access to resources and tools to support their teaching and learning, ensuring that any student will have access to the same electronic curriculum resources irrespective of their location (on or off-campus).

VLE also provides facilities such as on-line timetables, assessment submissions, lecture and tutorial resources, assessment results, as on-line timetables, lecture resources, course information, examination results, module selection and submission systems, revision tools, video, podcasts, module feedback, forums and other systems for both students and staff to support their courses.

VLE is also used in collaboration with Lynda.com website, through which students have free access to a wide range of training materials supporting their course.

Typically, the content from Lynda.com is used via embedded links in the VLE (moodle) to prescribe playlist sequences of audio/video and various media content in support of students learning.

D. Assessment

Formative assessment

Formative assessment is essential as it is effective in promoting student learning and it helps seek to determine how students are progressing through a certain learning goal. Wherever possible formative assessment will be used to allow students to gauge their own progress and address weak areas. Formative assessment will also provide assessors with the opportunity to

learn about the extent to which students have developed expertise and can tailor their teaching accordingly.

Formative assessment will take different forms depending on the module level and type, but in general a selection and combination of the following will be used:

- interactive revision quizzes
- think-pair-share concept and class discussions
- verbal feedback on tutorial activities
- observation and questioning to provide instant feedback as the student takes part in learning activities
- self and peer assessment

Summative assessment

For all modules summative assessment consists of either 100% coursework or a combination of coursework and two-hour typically closed-book examination. All modules have a 40% pass mark which has to be achieved for each component individually (exam and coursework).

Students' acquisition of knowledge and understanding will be assessed by coursework tasks requiring the demonstration of such, including assessed practical tasks, report writing, in-class tests and presentations, individual and team-projects, etc. There is typically one coursework per module, which may consist of two or more components.

Examinations will be closed-book and will require students to demonstrate that knowledge and understanding have been achieved.

Progression and Award

Progression means a student can move to a higher stage of study. If you have passed all the modules in one stage of study you can progress to the next stage. If you have failed any modules within the stage of study you can progress to the next stage if your failure has been compensated or condoned.

You may be awarded a pass by compensation if you have not met all the requirements to pass a module but your overall performance, and your performance in the failed module, meets criteria previously approved by the Quality and Standards Committee. If we award a compensated pass, the module mark is recorded as a pass mark on your transcript.

We may condone a pass if you can prove that your work was affected by circumstances outside your control. If we condone a failed module, the mark will stay the same, but you will be credited with a pass on your transcript.

You can progress to the next stage while still needing to complete one 20-credit module from the first semester and one 20-credit module from the second semester or the equivalent for part-time study. You must have passed all relevant modules (or had any failures condoned or compensated) before you can receive an award.

E. Academic Regulations

The University's Academic Regulations apply for this course. For course specific protocols please refer to the Divisional protocol document.

F. Entry Requirements

Degree Course

In order to be considered for entry to the degree course applicants will be required to have the following qualifications:

- A Level BBB or;
- BTEC National Diploma DDM or;
- Access to HE qualifications with 24 Distinctions 21 Merits including 3 Merits in Maths and 12 Merits in ICT or;
- Equivalent level 3 qualifications worth 122 UCAS points
- Applicants must hold 5 GCSEs A-C including Maths and English or equivalent (reformed GCSEs grade 4 or above).

We welcome qualifications from around the world. English language qualifications for international students: IELTS score of 6.0 or Cambridge Proficiency or Advanced Grade C.

Top-up Course

In order to be considered for entry to the Top-up course applicants will be required to have the following qualifications:

- Higher National Diploma with at least 60 credits at merit in second year modules, or
- other equivalent Higher Education qualification

We welcome qualifications from around the world. English language qualifications for international students: IELTS score of 6.0, Cambridge Proficiency or Advanced Grade C.

G. Course structure(s)

Course overview

All full time and part time courses are organized into two semesters, each lasting 15 weeks. Top-up course has a slightly different structure, as it consists of three semesters, the third one being a summer semester.

Semester one starts in September, Semester 2 in January and Semester 3 in June.

The standard 'building block' of all course delivery are modules – identified in size by CATS (Credit Accumulation and Transfer Scheme) credits. All module size across the course is 20 CATS credits; with the exception of the Honours project, which is a double module worth 40 credits.

This course has a full-time, full-time with sandwich, part-time (4 year degree), part-time (6 year degree) and top-up award-bearing structure of modules, with defined learning outcomes and secure location within the Framework for Higher Education Qualifications. All of the above courses will lead to a single honours awards of the University.

Computer Science – Full time with sandwich

| Year 1 | Semester 1 | | Semester 2 | | |
|------------------|--|----------------|--|------------|--|
| Level 4 | !I 4 Fundamentals of Computer Science, 2 compulsory | | Professional Practice, compulsory | 20 credits | |
| | Discrete Mathematics, compulsory | | Requirements Analysis and UCD, compulsory | 20 credits | |
| | Fundamentals of Software | 20 credits | Data Structures and Algorithms, | 20 credits | |
| | Development, compulsory | | compulsory | | |
| Year 2 | | | | | |
| Level 5 | Operating Systems, compulsory | 20 credits | Big Data and Database Systems, compulsory | 20 credits | |
| | Software Engineering, compulsory | 20 credits | Principles of Data Networks, compulsory | 20 credits | |
| | Object Oriented Programming, compulsory | 20 credits | Advanced Programming, compulsory | 20 credits | |
| Sandwich year | | | | | |
| | Sandwich Placeme | nt in Computer | Science and Informatics (0 credit) | | |
| Year 3 | | | | | |
| Level 6 | | Project, compu | Ilsory 40 credits | | |
| | Systems and Cyber Security, compulsory | 20 credits | ICT Project Management in Practice, compulsory | 20 credits | |
| | Data Mining and Big Data Analytics, optional | 20 credits | Smart Internet Technologies, optional | 20 credits | |
| | Mobile Computing, optional | 20 credits | AR/VR Technologies, optional | 20 credits | |
| | | | Artificial Intelligence, optional | 20 credits | |

Computer Science – Part time (4 year course)

| Year 1 | Semester 1 | | Semester 2 | |
|--------|---|---------------|--|------------|
| | Fundamentals of Computer Science, | 20 credits | Professional Practice, compulsory | 20 credits |
| | compulsory | | | |
| | Fundamentals of Software | 20 credits | Data Structures and Algorithms, | 20 credits |
| | Development, compulsory | | compulsory | |
| Year 2 | | | | |
| | Discrete Mathematics, compulsory | 20 credits | Requirements Analysis and UCD, compulsory | 20 credits |
| | | | Principles of Data Networks, compulsory | 20 credits |
| | Object Oriented Programming, compulsory | 20 credits | Advanced Programming, compulsory | 20 credits |
| Year 3 | | | | |
| | Operating Systems, compulsory | 20 credits | Big Data and Database Systems, compulsory | 20 credits |
| | Software Engineering, compulsory | 20 credits | Smart Internet Technologies, optional | 20 credits |
| | | | AR/VR Technologies, optional | 20 credits |
| | | | Artificial Intelligence, optional | 20 credits |
| Year 4 | | | | |
| | | Project, comp | ulsory 40 credits | |
| | Systems and Cyber Security, compulsory | 20 credits | ICT Project Management in Practice, compulsory | 20 credits |
| | Data Mining and Big Data Analytics, optional | 20 credits | · · · | |
| | Mobile Computing, optional | 20 credits | | |

Computer Science – Part time (6 year course)

| Year 1 | Semester 1 | | Semester 2 | |
|--------|---|---------------|--|------------|
| | Fundamentals of Computer Science, compulsory | 20 credits | Professional Practice, compulsory | 20 credits |
| | Discrete Mathematics, compulsory | 20 credits | | |
| Year 2 | | | | |
| | | | Requirements Analysis and UCD, compulsory | 20 credits |
| | Fundamentals of Software Development, compulsory | 20 credits | Data Structures and Algorithms, compulsory | 20 credits |
| Year 3 | | | | |
| | Operating Systems, compulsory | 20 credits | Big Data and Database Systems, compulsory | 20 credits |
| | Software Engineering, compulsory | 20 credits | | |
| Year 4 | | | | |
| | | | Principles of Data Networks, compulsory | 20 credits |
| | Object Oriented Programming, compulsory | 20 credits | Advanced Programming, compulsory | 20 credits |
| Year 5 | | | | |
| | Systems and Cyber Security, compulsory | 20 credits | ICT Project Management in Practice, compulsory | 20 credits |
| | Data Mining and Big Data Analytics, optional | 20 credits | | |
| | Mobile Computing, optional | 20 credits | | |
| Year 6 | | | | |
| | | Project, comp | ulsory 40 credits | |
| | | | Smart Internet Technologies, optional | 20 credits |
| | | | AR/VR Technologies, optional | 20 credits |
| | | | Artificial Intelligence, optional | 20 credits |

Computer Science – Top-up Full time (1 year)

| Year 1 | Semester 1 | | Semester 2 | | |
|--------|-------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|------------|--|
| | Object Oriented Programming, | 20 credits | Principles of Data Networks, | 20 credits | |
| | compulsory | | compulsory | | |
| | Systems and Cyber Security, | 20 credits | ICT Project Management in Practice, | 20 credits | |
| | compulsory | | compulsory | | |
| | Data Mining and Big Data Analytics, | | Smart Internet Technologies, optional | 20 credits | |
| | optional | | | | |
| | Mobile Computing, optional | 20 credits | AR/VR Technologies, optional | 20 credits | |
| | | | Artificial Intelligence, optional | 20 credits | |
| | | Sum | nmer | | |
| | | Project, compu | Ilsory 40 credits | | |

Computer Science – Top-up Part time (2 years)

| Year 1 | Semester 1 | | Semester 2 | | |
|--------|--|----------------|---------------------------------------|------------|--|
| | Object Oriented Programming, | 20 credits | Principles of Data Networks, | 20 credits | |
| | compulsory | | compulsory | | |
| | Data Mining and Big Data Analytics, 20 cro optional | | Smart Internet Technologies, optional | 20 credits | |
| | Mobile Computing, optional | 20 credits | AR/VR Technologies, optional | 20 credits | |
| | | | Artificial Intelligence, optional | 20 credits | |
| Year 2 | Year 2 | | | | |
| | | Project, compu | llsory 40 credits | | |
| | Systems and Cyber Security, | 20 credits | ICT Project Management in Practice, | 20 credits | |

| comp | ulsory | compulsory | |
|------|--------|------------|--|
| | | | |

Placements information

A Sandwich course has a zero credit (pass/fail) placement module which is taken during the placement period, the assessment (e-portfolio/Report) submission is due on resuming studies.

H. Course Modules

All options are offer subject to a minimum threshold of students. If a first-choice option is not available, students will be offered a second or third module option. Students will be informed of their options prior to the end of the year.

| Code | Module Title | Level | Sem | Credit | Assessment |
|-----------|--|-------|-----|--------|------------------------------|
| | Professional Practice | 4 | 2 | 20 | Coursework 100% |
| CSI-4-DSA | Data Structures and Algorithms | 4 | 2 | 20 | Coursework 100% |
| CSI-4-FCS | Fundamentals of Computer Science | 4 | 1 | 20 | Coursework 100% |
| CSI-4-FSD | Fundamentals of Software Development | 4 | 1 | 20 | Coursework 100% |
| CSI-4-MCS | Discrete Mathematics | 4 | 1 | 20 | Coursework 100% |
| CSI-4-RAU | Requirements Analysis and User-Centred Design | 4 | 2 | 20 | Coursework 100% |
| CSI-5-BDD | Big Data and Database Systems | 5 | 2 | 20 | Coursework 60% - Exam 40% |
| CSI-5-OOP | Object Oriented Programming | 5 | 1 | 20 | Coursework 100% |
| CSI-5-OSY | Operating Systems | 5 | 1 | 20 | Coursework 60% - Exam 40% |
| CSI-5-SFE | Software Engineering | 5 | 1 | 20 | Coursework 100% |
| CSI-5-ADP | Advanced Programming | 5 | 2 | 20 | Coursework 60% - Exam 40% |
| CSI-5-PDN | Principles of Data Networks | 5 | 2 | 20 | Coursework 60% - Exam 40% |
| CSI-5-PLA | Sandwich Placement in Computer Science and Informatics | 5 | 1&2 | 0 | End of placement report |
| | AR/VR Technologies | 6 | 2 | 20 | Coursework 60% - Exam 40% |
| CSI-6-ARI | Artificial Intelligence | 6 | 2 | 20 | Coursework 60% - Exam 40% |
| CSI-6-CSP | Computer Science Project | 6 | 1&2 | 40 | Coursework 100% |
| | Data Mining and Big Data Analytics | 6 | 1 | 20 | Coursework 60% - Exam 40% |
| | ICT Project Management in Practice | 6 | 1 | 20 | Coursework 60% |
| CSI-6-MOB | Mobile Computing | 6 | 1 | 20 | Coursework 60% - Exam 40% |
| CSI-6-SIT | Smart Internet Technologies | 6 | 2 | 20 | Coursework 60% - Exam 40% |
| CSI-6-SCS | Systems and Cyber-security | 6 | 2 | 20 | Coursework 60% - Exam 40% |

I. Timetable information

Students can expect to receive a confirmed timetable for study commitments as soon as possible. Students are usually expected to have 1.5 days per week teaching free.

Course related costs

J. Costs and financial support

The course fee does not include the cost of text books or personal devices (student laptops). These items are not required for study as alternatives exist: All text books that are mandatory for study are usually available via the library in a free form (for example as e-books) and the computer labs provide the essential equipment. The costs of field trips are not included, but where a field trip is required for the purpose of study costs will not exceed typical transport costs within the London area.

Tuition fees/financial support/accommodation and living costs

- Information on tuition fees/financial support can be found by clicking on the following link <u>http://www.lsbu.ac.uk/courses/undergraduate/fees-and-funding</u> or
- http://www.lsbu.ac.uk/courses/postgraduate/fees-and-funding
- Information on living costs and accommodation can be found by clicking the following linkhttps://my.lsbu.ac.uk/my/portal/Student-Life-Centre/International-Students/Starting-at-LSBU/#expenses

List of Appendices

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- Appendix B: Educational Framework (undergraduate courses)
- Appendix C: Personal Development Planning (postgraduate courses)
- Appendix D: Terminology

Appendix A: Curriculum Map

This map provides a design aid to help course teams identify where course outcomes are being developed, taught and assessed within the course. It also provides a checklist for quality assurance purposes and may be used in validation, accreditation and external examining processes. Making the learning outcomes explicit will also help students to monitor their own learning and development as the course progresses.

| | Modules | | | | | | | | Co ι | urse o | utco | mes | | | | | | |
|--------|--|-----------|--------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------------|--------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-----|
| Level | Title | Code | A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D1 | D2 | D3 | D4 |
| L4 | Fundamentals of Computer Science | | ta | ta | t | t | ta | t | t | tda | | ta | ta | d | | | ta | |
| L4 | Discrete Mathematics | | ta | t | | | ta | t | t | | | | tda | | | | ta | |
| L4 | Professional Practice | | t | t | | t | ta | tda | | | | d | | | ta | ta | ta | t |
| L4 | Requirements Analysis and UCD | | d | tda | td | tda | tda | tda | tda | tda | td | tda | d | da | da | tda | da | |
| L4 | Fundamentals of Software Development | | td | ta | tda | | tda | tda | tda | tda | tda | td | tda | da | da | | da | da |
| L4 | Data Structures and Algorithms | | td | ta | tda | | tda | tda | tda | tda | tda | td | tda | d | da | | da | da |
| L5 | Mobile Applications Development | | d | tda | td | tda | tda | tda | tda | tda | tda | tda | tda | da | tda | | d | d |
| L5 | Big Data and Database Systems | | tda | tda | td | td | tda | d | tda | tda | td | tda | tda | da | da | | d | |
| L5 | Object-Oriented Programming | | td | tda | tda | td | tda | tda | tda | tda | tda | tda | tda | tda | da | | da | da |
| L5 | Software Verification and Validation | | td | tda | tda | td | tda | td | tda | d | tda | tda | tda | da | da | | da | da |
| L5 | Software Engineering | | tda | d | tda | td | tda | tda | tda | tda | tda | tda | d | td | tda | | d | d |
| L5 | Advanced Programming | | tda | td | tda | td | tda | tda | tda | d | tda | tda | d | td | da | | da | da |
| L5 | Sandwich Placement in CSI | | da | da | da | da | da | da | da | da | da | da | da | da | da | da | da | da |
| L6 | Honours Computer Science Project | | da | da | da | da | tda | tda | da | da | da | da | tda | tda | tda | | tda | tda |
| L6 | ICT Project Management in Practice | | ad | da | | tda | tda | tda | d | da | | d | d | tda | tda | tda | tda | tda |
| L6 | Systems and Cyber Security | | tda | d | d | tda | td | tda | tda | td | d | tda | d | d | | | | |
| L6 | AR/VR Technologies | | td | tda | tda | tda | tda | tda | tda | td | tda | tda | d | td | | | | td |
| L6 | Formal Approaches to Software Engineering | | td | tda | tda | tda | tda | tda | tda | td | tda | tda | d | td | da | | da | td |
| L6 | Smart Internet Technologies | | tda | d | d | tda | tda | tda | tda | d | tda | tda | d | td | da | | | td |
| L6 | Artificial Intelligence | | tda | d | tda | d | td | tda | tda | | tda | tda | d | td | | | | td |
| Number | ed columns correspond to numbered learning outco | mes under | r each | headi | ng as | given | in spe | cifica | tion de | ocume | ent t | = taug | ght, d | = dev | elope | d, a = | assess | sed |

Appendix B: Embedding the Educational Framework for Undergraduate Courses

The Educational Framework at London South Bank University is a set of principles for curriculum design and the wider student experience that articulate our commitment to the highest standards of academic knowledge and understanding applied to the challenges of the wider world.

The Educational Framework reflects our status as University of the Year for Graduate Employment awarded by *The Times and The Sunday Times Good University Guide 2018* and builds on our 125 year history as a civic university committed to fostering social mobility through employability and enterprise, enabling our students to translate academic achievement into career success.

There are four key characteristics of LSBU's distinctive approach to the undergraduate curriculum and student experience:

- Develop students' professional and vocational skills through application in industrystandard facilities
- Develop our students' graduate attributes, self-awareness and behaviours aligned to our EPIIC values
- Integrate opportunities for students to develop their confidence, skills and networks into the curriculum
- Foster close relationships with employers, industry, and Professional, Statutory and Regulatory Bodies that underpin our provision (including the opportunity for placements, internships and professional opportunities)

The dimensions of the Educational Framework for curriculum design are:

- **informed by employer and industry** needs as well as professional, statutory and regulatory body requirements
- **embedded learning development** for all students to scaffold their learning through the curriculum taking into account the specific writing and thinking requirements of the discipline/profession
- **high impact pedagogies** that enable the development of student professional and vocational learning through application in industry-standard or authentic workplace contexts
- inclusive teaching, learning and assessment that enables all students to access and engage the course
- **assessment** *for learning* that provides timely and formative feedback

All courses should be designed to support these five dimensions of the Educational Framework. Successful embedding of the Educational Framework requires a systematic approach to course design and delivery that conceptualises the student experience of the curriculum as a whole rather than at modular level and promotes the progressive development of understanding over the entire course. It also builds on a well-established evidence base across the sector for the pedagogic and assessment experiences that contribute to high quality learning.

This appendix to the course specification document enables course teams to evidence how their courses meet minimum expectations, at what level where appropriate, as the basis for embedding the Educational Framework in all undergraduate provision at LSBU.

| Dimension of | Minimum expectations and rationale | How this is achieved in the |
|---|---|---|
| the | | course |
| Educational | | |
| Framework | | |
| Curricula informed by employer and industry need | Outcomes focus and professional/employer links All LSBU courses will evidence the involvement of external stakeholders in the curriculum design process as well as plan for the participation of employers and/or alumni through guest lectures or Q&A sessions, employer panels, employer-generated case studies or other input of expertise into the delivery of the course provide students with access to current workplace examples and role models. Students should have access to employers and/or alumni in at least one module at level 4. | The course design has been informed by discussion with industry representatives. It is intended that all final year taught modules should include at least one external speakers. The level 6 module ICT Project Management in Practice has been designed around a consultancy exercise based on a real case study presented by external professionals. The level 4 module Professional Practice has been designed to provide experience and knowledge of all professional issues and will incorporate presentations by |
| Embedded learning development | Support for transition and academic preparedness At least two modules at level 4 should include embedded learning development in the curriculum to support student understanding of, and familiarity with, disciplinary ways of thinking and practising (e.g. analytical thinking, academic writing, critical reading, reflection). Where possible, learning development will be normally integrated into content modules rather than as standalone modules. Other level 4 modules should reference and reinforce the learning development to aid in the transfer of learning. | external professionals and LSBU alumni. The level 4 module Professional Practice is the key provider of learning development and disciplinary thinking in conjunction with the level 4 module Requirements Analysis and UCD. |

| High impact | Group-based learning experiences | The level 4 module Professional |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| pedagogies | The capacity to work effectively in teams | Practice incorporates team and |
| pedagogies | enhances learning through working with | group working exercises, with |
| | peers and develops student outcomes, | outputs of these activities |
| | including communication, networking and | included in the assessment. At |
| | respect for diversity of perspectives | level 5 the module Software |
| | relevant to professionalism and | Engineering involves team work |
| | inclusivity. At least one module at level | as an integral part of its teaching |
| | 4 should include an opportunity for group | and assessment. The level 6 |
| | working. Group-based learning can also | module ICT Project Management |
| | be linked to assessment at level 4 if | in Practice revolves around a |
| | appropriate. Consideration should be | more sophisticated and in-depth |
| | given to how students are allocated to | team-working exercise. |
| | groups to foster experience of diverse | team-working exercise. |
| | perspectives and values. | |
| Inclusive | Accessible materials, resources and | All course materials and |
| teaching, | activities | resources will be provided in |
| learning and | All course materials and resources, | suitable accessible formats. |
| assessment | including course guides, PowerPoint | suitable accessible formats. |
| assessment | presentations, handouts and Moodle | |
| | should be provided in an accessible | |
| | format. For example, font type and size, | |
| | layout and colour as well as captioning or | |
| | transcripts for audio-visual materials. | |
| | Consideration should also be given to | |
| | accessibility and the availability of | |
| | alternative formats for reading lists. | |
| Assessment | Assessment and feedback to support | All taught modules have formative |
| for learning | attainment, progression and retention | assessment strategies explicitly |
| 10/ Icanning | Assessment is recognised as a critical | described in their descriptors. |
| | point for at risk students as well as | |
| | integral to the learning of all students. | |
| | Formative feedback is essential during | |
| | transition into university. All first | |
| | semester modules at level 4 should | |
| | include a formative or low-stakes | |
| | summative assessment (e.g. low | |
| | weighted in final outcome for the module) | |
| | to provide an early opportunity for | |
| | students to check progress and receive | |
| | prompt and useable feedback that can | |
| | feed-forward into future learning and | |
| | assessment. Assessment and feedback | |
| | communicates high expectations and | |
| | develops a commitment to excellence . | |
| | | |
| L | | |

| High impact | Research and enquiry experiences | At level 4 Professional Practice |
|-----------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| pedagogies | Opportunities for students to undertake | includes the development of |
| | small-scale independent enquiry enable | research skills and students |
| | students to understand how knowledge is | create a personal online portfolio |
| | generated and tested in the discipline as | of material in the course of the |
| | well as prepare them to engage in | module. At level 5 the module |
| | enquiry as a highly sought after outcome | Software Engineering provides |
| | of university study. In preparation for an | students with opportunities for |
| | undergraduate dissertation at level 6, | collaborative research activities. |
| | courses should provide opportunities for | |
| | students to develop research skills at | |
| | level 4 and 5 and should engage with | |
| | open-ended problems with appropriate | |
| | support. Research opportunities should | |
| | build student autonomy and are likely to | |
| | encourage creativity and problem- | |
| | solving. Dissemination of student | |
| | research outcomes, for example via | |
| | posters, presentations and reports with | |
| | peer review, should also be considered. | |
| Curricula | Authentic learning and assessment tasks | The level 6 module ICT Project |
| informed by | Live briefs, projects or equivalent | Management in Practice explicitly |
| employer and | authentic workplace learning experiences | addresses the use of authentic |
| industry need / | and/or assessments enable students, for | workplace learning experiences, |
| Assessment | example, to engage with external clients, | while other modules (particularly |
| for learning | develop their understanding through | at level 6, but to a lesser extent in |
| | situated and experiential learning in real | level 4 and 5) are intended to |
| | or simulated workplace contexts and | make use of case studies and |
| | deliver outputs to an agreed specification | examples derived from current |
| | and deadline. Engagement with live | events, industry and ongoing |
| | briefs creates the opportunity for the | developments in the relevant |
| | development of student outcomes | fields. |
| | including excellence, professionalism, | |
| | integrity and creativity. A live brief is | |
| | likely to develop research and enquiry | |
| | skills and can be linked to assessment if | |
| | appropriate. | |
| | | |

| Inclusive | Course content and teaching methods | The course team will be |
|---------------|--|------------------------------------|
| teaching, | acknowledge the diversity of the student | encouraged to explore a wide |
| learning and | <u>cohort</u> | variety of teaching approaches to |
| assessment | An inclusive curriculum incorporates | offer all students as exciting a |
| | images, examples, case studies and | learning experience as possible |
| | other resources from a broad range of | and hopefully to allow all to find |
| | cultural and social views reflecting | aspects of the course that allow |
| | diversity of the student cohort in terms of, | them to make use of their |
| | for example, gender, ethnicity, sexuality, | individual strengths and |
| | religious belief, socio-economic | characters. Non-technical content |
| | background etc. This commitment to | such as examples and case |
| | inclusivity enables students to | studies shall be drawn from a |
| | recognise themselves and their | global context. |
| | experiences in the curriculum as well as | |
| | foster understanding of other viewpoints | |
| | and identities. | |
| Curricula | Work-based learning | There is an opportunity for all |
| informed by | Opportunities for learning that is relevant | students to apply for short term |
| employer and | to future employment or undertaken in a | internships, which are advertised |
| industry need | workplace setting are fundamental to | by the VLE. |
| | developing student applied knowledge as | |
| | well as developing work-relevant student | |
| | outcomes such as networking, | |
| | professionalism and integrity. Work- | |
| | based learning can take the form of work | |
| | experience, internships or placements as | |
| | well as, for example, case studies, | |
| | simulations and role-play in industry- | |
| | standards settings as relevant to the | |
| | course. Work-based learning can be | |
| | linked to assessment if appropriate. | |
| L | 1 1 1 | 1 |

| Embedded | Writing in the disciplines: Alternative | Discipline specific writing |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------------|
| learning | formats | techniques are explicitly taught at |
| 0 | | level 4 in Professional Practice, |
| development | The development of student awareness, | |
| | understanding and mastery of the | developed through coursework |
| | specific thinking and communication | assignments in modules such as |
| | practices in the discipline is fundamental | Software Engineering at level 5, |
| | to applied subject knowledge. This | and brought to a professional |
| | involves explicitly defining the features of | standard in the level 6 project |
| | disciplinary thinking and practices, | dissertation. |
| | finding opportunities to scaffold student | |
| | attempts to adopt these ways of thinking | |
| | and practising and providing | |
| | opportunities to receive formative | |
| | feedback on this. A writing in the | |
| | disciplines approach recognises that | |
| | writing is not a discrete representation of | |
| | knowledge but integral to the process of | |
| | knowing and understanding in the | |
| | discipline. It is expected that assessment | |
| | utilises formats that are recognisable and | |
| | applicable to those working in the | |
| | profession. For example, project report, | |
| | presentation, poster, lab or field report, | |
| | journal or professional article, position | |
| | paper, case report, handbook, exhibition | |
| | guide. | |
| | | |
| High impact | Multi-disciplinary, interdisciplinary or | The level 6 taught module ICT |
| pedagogies | interprofessional group-based learning | Project Management in Practice |
| | experiences | has been designed in |
| | Building on experience of group working | collaboration with the Division of |
| | at level 4, at level 5 students should be | Law and involves the active |
| | provided with the opportunity to work and | participation of academics and |
| | manage more complex tasks in groups | cooperation with students from a |
| | that work across traditional disciplinary | separate discipline. |
| | and professional boundaries and | |
| | reflecting interprofessional work-place | |
| | | |
| | settings. Learning in multi- or | |
| | interdisciplinary groups creates the | |
| | opportunity for the development of | |
| | student outcomes including inclusivity , | |
| | communication and networking. | |

| Assessment | Variation of assessment | A wide range of diverse |
|-----------------|--|------------------------------------|
| for learning | | A wide range of diverse |
| iorieanning | An inclusive approach to curriculum | assessment types is used |
| | recognises diversity and seeks to create | throughout the course to offer |
| | a learning environment that enables | students opportunities to |
| | equal opportunities for learning for all | effectively apply their individual |
| | students and does not give those with a | talents. |
| | particular prior qualification (e.g. A-level | |
| | or BTEC) an advantage or disadvantage. | |
| | An holistic assessment strategy should | |
| | provide opportunities for all students to | |
| | be able to demonstrate achievement of | |
| | learning outcomes in different ways | |
| | throughout the course. This may be by | |
| | offering alternate assessment tasks at | |
| | the same assessment point, for example | |
| | either a written or oral assessment, or by | |
| | offering a range of different assessment | |
| | tasks across the curriculum. | |
| Curricula | Career management skills | The level 6 module ICT Project |
| informed by | Courses should provide support for the | Management in Practice provides |
| employer and | development of career management | a forum for career related |
| industry need | skills that enable student to be familiar | discussion. Reflection is an |
| | with and understand relevant industries | assessed component of many |
| | or professions, be able to build on work- | modules throughout the course |
| | related learning opportunities, | and is an integral component of |
| | understand the role of self-appraisal and | the final year dissertation. |
| | planning for lifelong learning in career development, develop resilience and | |
| | manage the career building process. This | |
| | should be designed to inform the | |
| | development of excellence and | |
| | professionalism. | |
| Curricula | Capstone project/dissertation | The final year project has been |
| informed by | The level 6 project or dissertation is a | designed as a capstone module |
| employer and | critical point for the integration and | that allows students to synthesise |
| industry need / | synthesis of knowledge and skills from | and apply all they have learnt in |
| Assessment | across the course. It also provides an | the module. The project has been |
| for learning / | important transition into employment if | designed with the recognition of |
| High impact | the assessment is authentic, industry- | the British Computer Society |
| pedagogies | facing or client-driven. It is recommended | explicitly in mind and thus |
| | that this is a capstone experience, | represents an undertaking |
| | bringing together all learning across the | relevant to future employment |
| | course and creates the opportunity for | prospects (for example as |
| | the development of student outcomes | something students can describe |
| | including professionalism , integrity and | to potential employers in depth to |
| | creativity. | illustrate their expertise). |
| | oroduvity. | |

Appendix C: Personal Development Planning

Personal Development Planning (PDP) is a structured process by which an individual reflects upon their own learning, performance and/or achievement and identifies ways in which they might improve themselves academically and more broadly. Course teams are asked to indicate where/how in the course/across the modules this process is supported.

| Approach to PDP | Level 4 | Level 5 | Level 6 |
|---|--|---|--|
| 1 Supporting the development and recognition of skills through the personal tutor system. | A personal tutor will be assigned to each student from among the academic staff teaching on the level 4 modules. | The personal tutor assigned at level 4 will continue to support students in their personal development. | Project supervisor take over personal tutoring role. |
| 2 Supporting the development and recognition of skills in academic modules/modules. | All modules | All modules | |
| 3 Supporting the development and recognition of skills through purpose designed modules/modules. | Professional Practice | | ICT Project Management in Practice |
| 4 Supporting the development and recognition of skills through research projects and dissertations work. | | | Project |
| 5 Supporting the development and recognition of career management skills. | Professional Practice | | ICT Project Management in Practice |
| 6 Supporting the development and recognition of career management skills through work placements or work experience. | | BSc Sandwich Placement; various shorter placements and internships | |
| 7 Supporting the development of skills by recognising that they can be developed through extra curricula activities. | Extra-curricula and capstone events | Extra-curricula and capstone events | Extra-curricula and capstone events |
| 8 Supporting the development of the skills and attitudes as a basis for continuing professional development. | Professional Practice | | ICT Project Management in Practice |
| 9 Other approaches to personal development planning. | | | |
| 10 The means by which self-reflection, evaluation and planned development is supported e.g. electronic or paper-based learning log or diary. | Electronic learning log in Business and Professional Issues | | Project log book |

Students will be allocated a personal tutor, usually from among the full time academic staff teaching on the level 4 modules. This arrangement allows tutors and tutees to establish a relationship through regular contact in addition to formal individual meetings. As far as is operationally practical, students will retain the same personal tutor through their level 5 studies. This provides a continuity that allows tutors to develop a better understanding of their tutees and students to recognise that they have a consistent level of support. While students may or may not have contact with their personal tutors in teaching activities a series of individual meetings will be employed to maintain the relationship. At level 6 the student will be studying a full-year project and is required to have frequent regular meetings with their assigned supervisor. As PDP is a significant component of the project module, it will be intrinsically involved in the development of their work and in the discussions they have with their supervisors. Thus it is most appropriate for the supervisor to fulfil the PDP functions of the personal tutor role at level 6.

The following table shows how PDP is being applied in the BSc (Hons) Computer Science Top-up degree course.

| Approach to PDP | Level 5 and 6 |
|--|--|
| 1 Supporting the development and recognition of skills through the personal tutor system. | The course director provides the personal tutoring role. |
| 2 Supporting the development and recognition of skills in academic modules/units. | |
| 3 Supporting the development and recognition of skills through purpose designed modules/units. | ICT Project Management in Practice |
| 4 Supporting the development and recognition of skills through research projects and dissertations work. | Computer Science Project |
| 5 Supporting the development and recognition of career management skills. | ICT Project Management in Practice |
| 6 Supporting the development and recognition of career management skills through work placements or work experience. | |
| 7 Supporting the development of skills by recognising that they can be developed through extra curricula activities. | Extra-curricula and "capstone" events . |
| 8 Supporting the development of the skills and attitudes as a basis for continuing professional development. | ICT Project Management in Practice |
| 9 Other approaches to personal development planning. | |
| 10 The means by which self-reflection, evaluation and planned development is supported e.g. electronic or paper-based learning log or diary. | Computer Science Project log book |

The course director will act as personal tutor to all students. In the full-time degree course, project supervisors provide this, but the top-up students carry out their projects over the summer so the same arrangement is not applicable here.

Appendix D: Terminology

| · · · · | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
|--------------------------|--|
| awarding body | a UK higher education provider (typically a university) with the power to award higher education qualifications such as degrees |
| bursary | a financial award made to students to support their studies; sometimes used interchangeably with 'scholarship' |
| collaborative provision | a formal arrangement between a degree-awarding body and a partner organisation, allowing for the latter to provide higher education on behalf of the former |
| compulsory module | a module that students are required to take |
| contact hours | the time allocated to direct contact between a student and a member of staff through, for example, timetabled lectures, seminars and tutorials |
| coursework | student work that contributes towards the final result but is not assessed by written examination |
| current students | students enrolled on a course who have not yet completed their studies or been awarded their qualification |
| delivery organisation | an organisation that delivers learning opportunities on behalf of a degree-awarding body |
| distance-learning course | a course of study that does not involve face-to-face contact between students and tutors |
| extracurricular | activities undertaken by students outside their studies |
| feedback (on assessment) | advice to students following their completion of a piece of assessed or examined work |
| formative assessment | a type of assessment designed to help students learn more effectively, to progress in their studies and to prepare for summative assessment; formative assessment does not contribute to the final mark, grade or class of degree awarded to students |

| higher education provider | organisations that deliver higher education |
|------------------------------|--|
| independent learning | learning that occurs outside the classroom that might include preparation for scheduled sessions, follow-up work, wider reading or practice, completion of assessment tasks, or revision |
| intensity of study | the time taken to complete a part-time course compared to the equivalent full-time version: for example, half-time study would equate to 0.5 intensity of study |
| lecture | a presentation or talk on a particular topic; in general lectures involve larger groups of students than seminars and tutorials |
| learning zone | a flexible student space that supports independent and social earning |
| material information | information students need to make an informed decision, such as about what and where to study |
| mode of study | different ways of studying, such as full-time, part-time, e-learning or work-based learning |
| modular course | a course delivered using modules |
| module | a self-contained, formally structured unit of study, with a coherent and explicit set of learning outcomes and assessment criteria; some providers use the word 'course' or 'course unit' to refer to individual modules |
| national teaching fellowship | a national award for individuals who have made an outstanding impact on student learning and the teaching profession |
| navigability (of websites) | the ease with which users can obtain the information they require from a website |
| optional module | a module or course unit that students choose to take |
| performance (examinations) | a type of examination used in performance- based subjects such as drama and music |
| professional body | an organisation that oversees the activities of a particular profession and represents the interests of its members |
| prospective student | those applying or considering applying for any programme, at any level and employing any mode of study, with a higher education provider |

| regulated course | a course that is regulated by a regulatory body |
|----------------------|--|
| regulatory body | an organisation recognised by government as being responsible for the regulation or approval of a particular range of issues and activities |
| scholarship | a type of bursary that recognises academic achievement and potential, and which is sometimes used interchangeably with 'bursary' |
| semester | either of the parts of an academic year that is divided into two for purposes of teaching and assessment (in contrast to division into terms) |
| seminar | seminars generally involve smaller numbers than lectures and enable students to engage in discussion of a particular topic and/or to explore it in more detail than might be covered in a lecture |
| summative assessment | formal assessment of students' work, contributing to the final result |
| term | any of the parts of an academic year that is divided into three or more for purposes of teaching and assessment (in contrast to division into semesters) |
| total study time | the total time required to study a module, unit or course, including all class contact, independent learning, revision and assessment |
| tutorial | one-to-one or small group supervision, feedback or detailed discussion on a particular topic or project |
| work/study placement | a planned period of experience outside the institution (for example, in a workplace or at another higher education institution) to help students develop particular skills, knowledge or understanding as part of their course |
| workload | see 'total study time' |
| written examination | a question or set of questions relating to a particular area of study to which candidates write answers usually (but not always) under timed conditions |